WILMINGTON JOURNAL: Published every Friday Morning, by PRICE & FULTON, Proprietors. TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION !

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No subscriber permitted to discontinue his new. No subscription received for less time his pap r af-No subscriber permitted to discontinue his pap r af-ter the commencement of a subscription year, till the expiration of said year.
Subscribers wishing their paper discontinued at the Subscribers wishing their paper unscontinued at the end of their subscription year, must pay up in full and give the proprietors two weeks notice, otherwise the paper will be continued and charged for according to the we will pay the postage on letters containing Three Dollars and upwards, and money may be remitted believed the mail at our risk. The Postmaster's cerrough the man at the resultance shall be a sufficient receipt

erefor. Letters on business connected with this ofst be addressed [post paid] to PRICE & FULTON.

OUR CIRCULATION.

We mean to keep the following paragraph stanling for the hencfit of all whom it may concern: ADVERTISING. - We would commend the following Advantage attention of the advertising community. The Wilmington Journal" circulates upwards of 12 The SUNDRED COPIES weekly. Its circulation in the town Minington is as large as that of any other paper puball white place. We would further state that its DESERTIMES as large as that of any other paper publish-Superfine blue and black Cravats and Stocks; We say, therefore, without the fear of contradiction and is the best vehicle for advertising which the peoof Wilmington can select. One other observation. Bl'k & fancy Cassimeres; Bleached and brown the think, that although a large majority of the readers Blue, black and gold rene "Journal" are Democrats, still THEY occasionally salifile trading, as well as the readers of the whig pa- Plain striped and gold Bed Ticking and Apron We have written the above merely for the Infornation of those who are most deeply interested-business men of all professions and all political creeds-

MAIL ARRANGEMENTS. Post Office, Wilmington. NAMEDIAN MAIL., by Rail Road, due daily at 9 A. M.

SCOTRERS MAIL, by Steamer from Coarleston, is due willy at 9 A. M., and closes at 9 A. M. every day. FAYETYEVILLE MAIL, by Rail Road, is due on Mondays vednesdays and Fridays, at 3 P. M., and closes on same

FAUSTTEVILLE MAIL, by Prospect Hall, Elizabethtown. Vestiro iks, and Robesons, is due on Tuesdays Thursyand Saturdays, at 9 A. M., and closes en same days

SHITHVILLE MAIL, by Steamer, is due daily at 8 A. M., closes at 95 P. M. every day. TAYLOR'S DAMME, LONG CREEK, MOORE'S CREEK, BLACK cell's Ferry, Jacksonville to Richlands, and returns Binnerman's, is due every Monday at 4 P. M., and sesevery Phuisday night at 10 P. M.

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. 'eatly executed and with despatch, on Fancy spring and sum- Misses' colored do: liberal terms for cash, at the JOURNAL OFFICE.

DAVID FULTORS ATTORNEY AT LAW WILMINGTON, N. C.

Commission and Forwarding MERCHANT.

DAVIS'S WHARF, South Water Street, Wilmington, N. C.

JOHN D. LOVE, DEALER IN CABINET FURNITURE. BEDSTEADS, CHAIRS, MATRESSES, &c.,

ROCK SPRING, Wilmington, N. C. J /ly 16, 1847-[44 12m

Cronly, Walker & Hall, AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Wilmington, N. C.

Messes. Hall & Armstrone R. DICKINSON, Esq., JOHN A. TAVLOR, Esq., JOHN WALKER, Esq. R. SAVAGE, ESQ., W. DAVIS, Esq., October 15th, 1847.

MYERS & BARNUM, Manufacturers & Dealers in HATS AND CAPS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, MARKET STREET-Wilmington, N. C.

D. CASHWELL,

GENERAL AGENT COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Will make liberal CASH advances on all consignents of Timber, Lumber, Naval Stones, &c. Wilmington, N. C., Sept 24, 1847-2-tf LIPPITT & WILLKINGS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

AND DEALERS IN Paints, Oils, Dve Stuffs, Window Glass, Garden Seeds, Perfumery, Patent Medicines, &c. &c.,

On Front street, between Market and Dock, two oors North of Messrs. Hart & Polley's, Wilmington, N. C. October 8, 1847-[4

WM. A. GWYER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL ■三 医名 @ D @ 二 图 · D 图 S COUMISSION MERCHANT,

North Water Street, Wilmington, N. C. REFERS TO N. Disnnow, Esq., New York.

OR'T G. RANKIN, Esq., Wilmington, N. C. October 29, 1817.

Thos. Allibone & Co. GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS. No. 8, SOUTH WHARVES,

> PHILADELPHIA. Advances made on consignments.

> > [6-1y]

Refer to Messrs. DEROSSET, BROWN & Co., Wilmington, N. C.

Nov. 12, 1817.

HOLMES & HAWES, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

The undersigned will cheerfully give all Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, & Cutlery, desired information in regard to the above insti-At the stand formerly occupied by Z. Latimer. tution. They will receive and forward applica February 11, 1848. tions for Insurance.

BUTTER. New Goshen Butter, for sale by

HOWARD & PEDEN.

MARBLE MONUMENTS. TOMB TABLES, Head & Foot Stones, &c.

WHE subscribers have taken the agency of an extensive MARBLE MANUFACTORY at the North, and will receive orders for the above lamed articles on as favorable terms as can be profured from any other establishment. They have a variety of patterns and styles, with the prices, which may be seen at any time.

KEEN & HUSTON, Contractors & Builders. Wilmington, N C, February 11, 1848. [22-19 Lime! Lime! Lime!

BBLS. landing; also, Hydraulic Cement; Calcined Plaster; Plaster. 50 boxes Colgates soap. For sale by ing Hair, Fire Brick, &c. J. C. & R. B. WOOD, Builders and Contractors. April 21, 1818--[32

Wilmington Journal.

GOD, OUR COUNTRY, AND LIBERTY.

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, JULY 7, 1848.

BY AUTHORITY.

First Door in R. W. Brown's New Build-By the President of the United States of ings, on Front Street, a few Doors from Market Street. America. THE subscribers, thankful for the liberal pa-A PROCLAMATION. tronage which they have received, beg leave to an-

DAVID FULTON, EDITOR.

VOL. 4. NO. 43.

NEW CHEAP CASH STORE,

mixed Kentucky Jeans, Checks;

Marseilles Vesting;

Fancy, plaid, and striped

Fullard

French Robes;

do Habbits;

do Collars;

Colored Borages;

Silk Warp

Borage Shawls;

do Scarfs;

Ladies Cravats;

Lawns;

Plain and plaid Alpacca; i

Edgings and Insertings;

Silk & Cotton Parasols;

at uncommonly low prices.

they ever had offered in this market.

Wilmington, N. C., March 31, 1848-3-y

LIFE INSURANCE!

NATIONAL LOAN FUND

Life Assurance Society of London.

"A Savings Bank for the benefit of the Orphan "and the Widow."

[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

Physician-J. ELLIOTSON, M. D., F. R. S.

other conveniences or necessity.

own note and deposit of policy.

ny such arise,) or otherwise.

No charge for stamp duty.

effected on the profit scale.

Esq.; C. Edward Habicht, Esq.

M. D. 290 Fourth st.

United States and British N. A. Colonies.

Bankers-The Merchants' Bank.

ture of New York, 1st April, 1840.

Solicitor-John Hone, Esq., 11 Pine-st.

Colonies. J. LEANDER STARR, Gen. Ag't.

for the U. States & B. N. A. Colonies.

DEROSSET, BROWN & CO., Ag'ts.

To Planters!

HE subscribers have received a large stock

JUST RECEIVED.

a very small advance on New York cost.

of heavy Plantation Cloths, consisting in

HOLMES & HAWES.

mium becomes due, without forfeiture of policy.

tra premiums on the most moderate scale.

Cotton Drill;

New style of plaid Silks; Crape Lisse;

Silk:

do

Ginghams, well assort'd; Muslin Skirts;

Bl'k satin and fancy Ves | Table & birdeye Diapers;

White and plaid Linen Damask Table Covers;

Brown and Slate Linen | Gingham Umbrellas;

FOR LADIES WEAR.

Colored, plaid, & striped Swiss, Mull and Book

Bombazine, large supply; Jaconet and Cambric d

tings; 8-4 brown damask do

8-4 white do do

Muslin;

Drill; 30, 32, & 34 inch Scotch

Drill; Silk & Cotton pocket

do | Colored Tarleton;

Plaid & striped do

Bonnets, new style;

Bonnet & Cap Ribber

Wreaths and Flowers;

do do silk do

JOHN KYLE & CO

silk Hose;

raw do

nounce to the citizens of Wilmington and surnavigation, and commerce betweer the United or private, through stress of weather, pursuit case the goods and merchandise of the neutral property. rounding country, that they are now receiving a States of America and the republic of New of pirates or enemies, or want of provisions or embarked on such enemies' ship shall be free. States of any other paper publish
Article 17. This liberty of navigation and ling parties shall be engaged in war with an additional article water, they shall be received and treated with an additional article water, they shall be received and treated with an additional article water, they shall be received and treated with an additional article water, they shall be received and treated with an additional article water, they shall be received and treated with an additional article water, they shall be received and treated with an additional article water, they shall be received and treated with an additional article water, they shall be received and treated with an additional article water, they shall be received and treated with an additional article water, they shall be received and treated with an additional article water, they shall be received and treated with an additional article water, they shall be received and treated with an additional article water, they shall not be liable to any import duties Broad Cloths; Carpeting, a good supply: Irish Linen & Lawns; Shirting; mixed Sattinetts, 10 4 bleach'd Sheeting;

America and the republic of New Granada. cast anchor in port. the republic of New Granada, in South Amer- effects, belonging to the citizens of one of the use of these arms. friendship and good understanding which hap- by pirates, whether within the limits of its mail, infantry belts, and clothes made up in ding on the coasts and in the ports of each this treaty, the United States guaranty posipily exist between both nations, have resol- jurisdiction or on the high seas, and may be the form and for the military use. itive, the rules which shall in future be reli- parts, or dominions of the other, shall be de- furniture. giously observed between each other, by means livered up to the owners, they proving in due 4th. And generally all kinds of arms and

the United States of America has conferred year by the parties themselves, their attorneys sea or land. full powers on Benjamin A. Bidlack, a citizen or agents, of their respective governments. of the said States, and their charge d'affairs in Article 11. When any vessel belonging to sieged or blockaded place. Bogota; and the President of the republic of the citizens of either of the contracting par- Article 18. All other merchandise, and things New Granada has conferred similar and equal ties shall be wrecked or foundered, or shall not comprehended in the articles of contraband, powers upon Manuel Maria Mallarino, Sec- suffer any damage on the coast, or within the explicitly enumerated and classified as above, cause them to forfeit this protection, which, in from the day of the exchange of the ratificaretary of State and Foreign Relations; who, dominions of the other, there shall be given shall be held and considered as free, and subafter having exchanged their said full powers to them all assistance and protection, in the jects of free and lawful commerce, so that they parties engage to give them. in due form, have agreed to the following ar- same manner which is usual and customary may be carried and transported in the freest

Black and colored silk Fringe; Ladies col'd Kid Gloves, Black & white English of their possessions and territories, and be- may be destined for consumption or sale in ces only are besieged or blockaded which are confiscated. tween their citizens respectively, without dis- the country or the port where they may have actually attacked by a belligerent force capa- Article 29. Both the contracting parties be- twelve months before the expiration of the Cotton Hose: tinction of persons or places.

Article 2 The United States of America if the concession was conditional

being likewise desirous of placing the com- in like cases. T. LAMIE MURRAY, Esq., George street, Hanover-square, Chairman of the Court of Di-This institution embraces important and sub- own separate laws.

stantial advantages with respect to the Life Assu-Persons insured for life, can, at once, borrow same privilege for five successive years, on their Part of the capital is permanently invested in he United States, in the names of three of the Local Directors, as Trustees-available always to the assured in case of disputed claims (should a-The payments of premiums half-yearly or quarterly, at a trifling advance upon the annual rate. Thirty days allowed after each payment of pre-

class sailing packets free of extra premium, ex- try; and the same bounties, duties, and draw- turbed in anywise, nor upon any account. | commanders of private armed vessels shall, ties of the country for the arrest, detention, cept during the WINTER, when \$1 on each cover backs shall be allowed and collected, whether insured will be required for each passage to \$400 such exportation or re-exportation be made in DIVISION OF PROFITS .- The remarkable suc- of New Granada.

cess and increased prosperity of the Society has Article 5. No higher or other duties shall gation, to declare a fourth bonus, varying from 35 ted States of any articles the produce or man- els and places of worship appointed for that for any other purpose whatever. no higher or other duties shall be imposed on customs of the United States. UNITED STATES BOARD OF LOCAL DIREC- the importation into the republic of New Gra-

equally extend to all other nations. Pamphlets, blank forms, tables of rates, lists of agents, &c. &c., obtained at the Chief Office, 74 Wall-st., or from either of the Agents throughout the United States, and British North American Wilmington, N. C., 26th Nov., 1847. 11-1y native or foreign produce or manufacture.

selling off their ships; they being, in all these principle, and not of others. cases, to be treated as citizens of the country

And for sale at HOWARD & PEDEN'S: 20 doz. Hackers-Maul Bryan's Pattern. the most favored nation. SOAP.

HOWARD & PEDEN. 1231 by CRONLY, WALKER & HALL,

treaty and additional article are word for word hindrance of any kind, or the payment of port goods, shall be comprehended: fees, or any charges other than pilotage, ex- 1st. Cannons, mortars, howitzers, swivels, A general treaty of peace, amity, navigation, cept such vessels continue in port longer than blunderbusses, muskets, rifles, carbines, pisand commerce between the United States of forty-eight hours, counting from the time they tols, pikes, swords, sabres, lances, spears, hal-

Article 12. The citizens of each of the con-

portation be made in vessels of the one coun- of their religious belief. Neither shall they of. one country in its own vesses to any foreign such other places of sepulture as may be cho- treatment, for which the commanders of said them.

Tons-(Chief Office for America, 74 Wall-street) nada of any articles the produce or manufac- zens of the United States of America and of longing to the citizens of the two contracting by other testimonies,) the delivery shall not -New York-Jacob Harvey, Esq., Chairman; ture of the United States, than are or shall be John J. Palmer, Esq., Jonathan Goodhue, Esq., payable on the like articles, being the produce ships with all manner of liberty and security, that in case one of them should be engaged in payable on the like articles, being the produce ships with all manner of liberty and security, that in case one of them should be engaged in shall be put at the disposal of the said con-James Boorman, Esq; George Barclay. Esq; payable on the like articles, being the produce or manufactures of any other foreign country; but in case one of them should be engaged in or manufactures of any other foreign country; but in case one of them should be engaged in or manufactures of any other foreign country; but in case one of them should be engaged in or manufactures of any other foreign country; but in the public prisons, at least of the said constant of the Samuel S. Howland, Esq.; Gorham A. Worth, nor shall any higher or other duties or charetors of the merchandise laden thereon, from citizens of the same and the respective ratifications of the same an ges be imposed, in either of the two countries, any port to the places of those who now are sea letters or passports expressing the name, them, to be sent to the ships to which they were exchanged at Washington, on the tenth on the exportation of any articles to the Uni- or hereafter shall be at enmity with either of property, and bulk of the ship, as also the belonged, or to others of the same nation. J. Leander Starr, General Agent, and Edward
T. Richardson, Esq., General Acountant, for the ted States or to the republic of New Granada, the contracting parties. It shall likewise be name and place of habitation of the master But if they be not sent back within two months, respectively, than such as are payable on the lawful for the citizens aforesaid to sail with and commander of the said vessel, in order to be counted from the day of their arrest, they Inited States and British N. A. Colonies.

Medical Examiners. New York--J. Kearney

Respectively, that sach as are payable on the ship really shall be set at liberty, and shall be no more expertation of the like articles to any other expertation. Medical Examiners. New York - J. Rearney Rodgers, M. D., 110 Bleecker-street; Alexander foreign country; nor shall any prohibition be and truly belongs to the citizens of one of the arrested for the same cause. Rodgers, M. D., 110 Bieecker-street; Alexander in the same cause.

E. Hosack, M. D., 101 Franklin-st., S. S. Keene, imposed on the exportation of importation of importation of importation of importation of imposed on the exportation of imposed on any articles the produce or manufactures of who are enemies of both or either party, with-(Medical Examiners attend at 74 Wall st., at the United States or of the republic of New out any opposition or disturbance whatsoever, provided, besides the said sea letters or pass- the two contracting parties do hereby agree to (Medical Examiners attend at 74 Wall st., at or from the territories of the Uni3 o'clock, P. M., daily. Fee paid by the Society.)
Standing Counsel—Wm. Van Hook, Esq., 39 republic of New Granada, which shall not so from one place belonging to an enemy to the ship sailed, so that it may be known declare specially the powers and immunities Article 6. In order to prevent the possi- they be under the jurisdiction of one power or are on board the same; which certificates tive parties. An Act in respect to insurance for lives for the bility of any misunderstanding, it is hereby under several. And it is hereby stipulated shall be made out by the officers of the place Article 35. The United States of America benefit of married women, passed by the Legisla- declared that the stipulations contained in the that free ships shall also give freedom to goods, whence the ship sailed, in the accustomed and the republic of New Granada desiring to three preceeding articles are to their full ex- and that every thing which shall be found form; without which requisites said vessel make as durable as possible the relations tent applicable to the vessels of the United on board the ships belonging to the citizens of may be detained, to be adjudged by the com- which are to be established between the two States and their cargoes arriving in the ports either of the contracting parties shall be deem- petent tribunal, and may be declared lawful parties by virtue of this treaty, have declared of New Granada, and reciprocally to the ves- ed to be free and exempt, although the whole prize, unless the said defect shall be proved to solemnly, and do agree to the following points: sels of the said republic of New Granada and lading or any part thereof should appertain to be owing to accident, and shall be satisfied or 1st. For the better understanding of the pretheir cargoes arriving in the ports of the Unithe enemies of either, (contraband goods besup plied by testimony entirely equivalent.

ceding articles, it is and has been stipulated to ceding articles, it is an articles, it is a constant. ted States, whether they proceed from the ing always excepted.) It is also agreed, in Article 23. It is further agreed, that the between the high contracting parties that the ports of the country to which they respective- like manner, that the same liberty shall be ex- stipulations above expressed relative to the citizens, vessels, and merchandise of the Uniy belong, or from the ports of any other for- tended to persons who are on board a free visiting and examination of vessels shall ap- ted States shall enjoy in the ports of New eign country; and in either case, no discrimi- ship, with this effect, that although they be ply only to those which sail without convoy; Granada, including those of the part of the nating duty shall be imposed or collected in enemies to both or either party, they are not and when said vessels shall be under convoy. Granadian territory generally denominated the ports of either country on said vessels or to be taken out of that free ship unless they the verbal declaration of the commander of isthmus of Panama, from its southernmost extheir cargoes, whether the same shall be of are officers and soldiers, and in the actual ser- the convoy, on his word of honor, that the tremity until the boundary of Costa Rica, all the shelf, that he should, like Louis Philippe, vice of the enemies: provided, however, and vessels under his protection belong to the na- the exemptions, privileges, and immunities relieve the tedium of his seclusion, by teach-Article 7. It is likewise agreed that it shall it is hereby agreed, that the stipulations in tion whose flag he carries, and when they may concerning commerce and navigation. which ing the young idea how to shoot. Let us see: be wholly free for all merchants, commanders this article contained, declaring that the flag be bound to an enemy's port, that they have are now or may hereafter be enjoyed by Gra "The Ashland Academy for sucking politiof ships, and other citizens of both countries, shall be understood no contraband goods on board, shall be suffiburgs; striped and plain Cotton Oznaburgs; blue to manage, by themselves or agents, their own as applying to those powers only who recogburgs; striped and plain Cotton Oznaburgs; blue Denims and Drills; Columbian, Marlborough and Monterey stripes. Also, heavy English, French, Monterey stripes. Also, neavy English, French, the jurisdiction of each other remains neutral, the flag in the country to which the prizes may be transit across the said territory, from one sea be invaluable just now, especially to Gen. Tayand American Cottonades, which will be sold at spect to the consignments and sale of their spect to the consignments and sale of the neutral shall cover the property of engods and merchandise by wholesale or retail, as with respect to the loading, unloading, and whenever such tribunals of either party in the country to which the property of endounced, shall alone take cognizance of them. In the country to which the property of endounced, shall alone take cognizance of them. In the country to which the property of endounced, shall alone take cognizance of them. In the country to which the property of endounced, shall alone take cognizance of them. In the country to which the property of endounced, shall alone take cognizance of them. In the country to which the property of endounced, shall alone take cognizance of them. In the country to which the property of endounced, shall alone take cognizance of them. In the country to which the property of endounced the conducted, shall alone take cognizance of them. In the country to which the property of endounced the conducted, shall alone take cognizance of them. In the country to which the property of endounced the conducted the conducted them.

26 Bbls Fayetteville Super., Fine and >; for sule expedition, nor for any public or private pur- to detention and confiscation, except such pro- paying the legal fees for the same. pose whatever, without allowing to those in- perty as was put on board such vessel before Article 25. For the purpose of lessening the upon the citizens of the United States, or their

terested an equitable and sufficient indemnifi- the declaration of war, or even afterwards, if evils of war, the two high contracting parties said merchandise thus passing over any road it were done without the knowledge of it; but further agree, that in case a war should un- or canal that may be made by the government Article 9. Whenever the citizens of either the contracting parties agree that two months fortunately take place between them. hostili- of New Granada, or by the authority of the of the contracting parties shall be forced to having elapsed after the declaration of war, ties shall only be carried on by persons duly same, than is, under like circumstances, leseek refuge or asylum in the rivers, bays, their citizens shall not plead ignorance there- commissioned by the government, and by vied upon and collected from the Granadian ports, or dominions of the other with their of. On the contrary, if the flag of the neutral those under their orders, except in repelling citizens; that any lawful produce, manuface Whereas a general treaty of peace, amity, vessels, whether merchant or of war, public does not protect the enemies' property, in that an attack or invasion, and in the defence of the United States, thus passing from one sea

The United States of North America, and Article 10. All the ships, merchandize, and balls, and all other things belonging to the with each other, they have agreed, and do a tages, and as an especial compensation for the

ved to fix in a manner clear, distinct, and pos- carried or found in the rivers, roads, bays, 3d. Cavalry belts, and horses with their

of a treaty, or general convention of peace and proper form their rights before the compe. instruments of iron, steel, brass, and copper, cessary for it, which may serve as a sufficient sea may not be interrupted or embarrassed in and friendship, commerce and navigation. tent tribunals; it being well understood that or of any other materials manufactured, pre- protection until they arrive at the designated any future time while this treaty exists; and For this desirable object the President of the claim shall be made within the term of one pared, and formed expressly to make war by port. The citizens, of all other occupations, in consequence the United States also guaran-5th. Provisions that are imported into a be

dues only as the inhabitants of the country cles of contraband to the captor, unless the those of each of the contracting parties. merce and navigation of their respective coun- Article 13. Both contracting parties promise | board the capturing ship without great incon- public of New Granada shall afford in future | infringed in any way whatever, it is expresstries on the liberal basis of perfect equality and engage formally to give their special pro- venience; but in this and all other cases of to the navigation and commerce of the citi- ly stipulated that neither of the two contracand reciprocity, mutually agree that the citi- tection to the persons and property of the cit- just detention, the vessel detained shall be zens of each other, they agree to receive and ting parties shall ordain or authorize any acts zens of each may frequent all the coasts and izens of each other, of all occupations, who sent to the nearest convenient and safe port admit consuls in all the ports of reprisal, nor shall declare war against the

there, in all kinds of produce, manufactures, diction of one or the other, transient or dwel- Article 20. And whereas it frequently hap- in them all the rights, prerogatives, and im- until the said party considering itself offended and merchandise; and that they shall enjoy ling therein, leaving open and free to them the pens that vessels sail for a port or place be- munities of the consuls and vice consuls of shall have laid before the other a statement of all the rights, privileges, and exemptions, in tribunals of justice for their judicial recourse, longing to an enemy, without knowing that the most favored nation; each contracting par- such injuries or damages, verified by compe-Capital L500,000 Sterling, or \$2,500,000: navigation and commerce, which native citi- on the same is besieged, or blockaded, or invest- ty, however, remaining at liberty to except tent proofs, demanding justice and satisfaction, zens do or shall enjoy, submitting themselves tomary with the natives or citizens of the ed, it is agreed that every vessel so circum- those ports and places in which the admission and the same shall have been denied, in violato the laws, decrees, and usages there estab- country; for which purpose, they may either stanced may be turned away from such port and residence of such consuls may not seem tion of the laws and of international right. lished, to which native citizens are subjected. appear in proper person, or employ in the or place, but shall not be detained, nor shall convenient. But it is understood that this article does prosecution or defence of their rights such ad- any part of her cargo, if not contraband, he Article 31. In order that the consuls and that one or the other power may enjoy from not include the coasting trade of either coun- vocates, solicitors, notaries, agents, and fac- confiscated, unless, after warning of such vice consuls of the two contracting parties the foregoing stipulations, are, and ought to Actuary-W. S. B. WOOLHOUSE, Esq., try, the regulation of which is reserved by tors as they may judge proper in all their tri- blockade or investment from the commanding may enjoy the rights, prerogatives, and immu- be, always understood in virtue and as in the parties, respectively, according to their als at law; and such citizens or agents shall officer of the blockading forces, she shall a nities which belong to them by their public compensation of the obligations they have just have free opportunity to be present at the de- gain attempt to enter; but she shall be permit- character, they shall, before entering on the contracted, and which have been specified in Article 4. They likewise agree that what- cisions or sentences of the tribunals, in all ca- ted to go to any other port or place she shall exercise of their functions, exhibit their com- the first number of this article rance and deferred annuities. The assured has, ever kind of produce, manufacture, or mer- ses which may concern them, and likewise at think proper. Nor shall any vessel that may mission or patent, in due form, to the governon all occasions, the power to borrow, without ex- chandize of any foreign country can be, from the taking of all examinations and evidences have entered into such port before the same ment to which they are accredited; and, hav- ity, commerce and navigation shall be appense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the time to time, lawfully imported into the Uni- which may be exhibited in the said trials. | was actually besieged, blockaded, or invested ing obtained their exequatur, they shall be premiume paid: also the option of selecting bene- ted States in their own vessels, may be also Article 14. The citizens of the United States by the other, be restrained from quitting that held and considered as such by all the authorfits, and the conversion of his interests to meet imported in vessels of the republic of New residing in the territories of the republic of place with her cargo; nor if found therein af-Granada; and that no higher or other duties New Granada shall enjoy the most perfect and ter the reduction and surrender, shall such sular district in which they reside. Assurances for terms of years at the lowest pos- upon the tonnage of the vessel and her cargo entire security of conscience without being vessel or her cargo be liable to confiscation, Article 32. It is likewise agreed, that the

another place belonging to an enemy, whether whether any forbidden or contraband goods of the consuls and vice consuls of the respec-

TERMS: \$2 50 in advance.

WHOLE NO. 199.

thereto, was concluded and signed at the city humanity, giving to them all favor and proof Bogota by the plenipotentiaries of the two tection for repairing their ships, procuring procountries on the twelfth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and fortunate which visions, and placing themselves in a situation tinguished by the name of contraband; and margue for the purpose of assisting or co opthousand eight hundred and forty-six, which to continue their voyage without obstacle or under this name of contraband, or prohibited erating hostilely with the said enemy against portation; nor shall the citizens of the United being treated as a pirate.

friendship and firm the contracting parties, which may be captured 2d. Bucklers, helmets, breastplates, coats of the term of six months to the merchants resident and firm the contracting parties, which may be captured 2d. Bucklers, helmets, breastplates, coats of the term of six months to the merchants resident and firm the contracting parties, which may be captured 2d. Bucklers, helmets, breastplates, coats of the term of six months to the merchants resident and firm the contracting parties.

dominions of the United States and New Gra- eignty and property which New Granada has nada, shall be respected and maintained in the and possesses over the said territory.

with the vessels of the nation where the dam- manner by the citizens of both the contracting dividuals of the one nation to individuals of cease to have effect, notwithstanding what Article 1. There shall be a perfect, firm, age happens; permitting them to unload the parties, even to places belonging to an enemy, the other, nor shares, nor money which they was disposed in the first point of its 31st artiand inviolable peace and sincere friendship said vessel, if necessary, of its merchandise excepting those places which are at that time may have in public funds, nor in public or clebetween the United States of America and the and effects, without exacting for it any duty, besieged or blockaded; and to avoid all doubt private banks, shall ever, in any event of war 31. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if neithrepublic of New Granada, in all the extent impost, or contribution whatever, unless they in this particular, it is declared that those pla- or of national difference, be sequestered or er party notifies to the other its intention of re-

ble of preventing the entry of the neutral. | ing desirous of avoiding all inequality in rela- twenty years stipulated above, the said treaty Article 19. The articles of contraband, be- tion to their public communications and offi- shall continue binding on both parties beyond mer prin's; Clasps, Beads, and Tas- and the republic of New Granada, desiring to tracting parties shall have power to dispose of fore enumerated and classified, which may be cial intercourse, have agreed, and do agree, to the said twenty years, until twelve months sels; live in peace and harmony with all the na- their personal goods or real estate within the found in a vessel bound for an enemy's port, grant to the envoys, ministers, and other pub- from the time that one of the parties notifies Together with a variety of other articles too nu- tions of the earth, by means of a policy frank jurisdiction of the other, by sale, donation, shall be subject to detention and confiscation, lic agents, the same favors, immunities, and its intention of proceeding to a reform. merous to mention; all of which, being purchased and equally friendly with all, engage mutual- leaving free the rest of the cargo and their representa- leaving free the rest of the cargo and their representaby the package at reduced prices, will be offered by not to grant any particular favor to other tives, being citizens of the other party, shall that the owners may dispose of them as they nations do or shall enjoy; it being understood either party shall infringe any of the articles nations, in respect of commerce and naviga- succeed to their said personal goods or real es- see proper. No vessel of either of the two that whatever favors, immunities, or privile- of this treaty, such citizens shall be held per-We would call the attention of country mer tion, which shall not immediately become tate, whether by testament or ab intestato, and nations shall be detained on the high seas on ges the United States of America or the repub- sonally responsible for the same, and the harchants to our stock, and solicit them to examine common to the other party, who shall enjoy they may take possession thereof, either by account of having on board articles of contrathe same before purchasing elsewhere, as we feel the same freely, if the concession was freely themselves or others acting for them, and disconfident that we can offer better bargains than made, or on allowing the same at their will, paying such cargo of said vessels will deliver up the arti-Article 3. The two high contracting parties, wherein said goods are shall be subject to pay quantity of such articles be so great and of so Article 30. To make more effectual the pro-

large a bulk, that they cannot be received on | tection which the United States and the re- | contained in this treaty should be violated or countries of the other, and reside and trade may be in the territories subject to the juris- for trial and judgment according to law. open to foreign commerce, who shall enjoy other on complaints of injuries or damages,

shall be levied and collected, whether the im- annoyed, prevented, or disturbed on account but they shall be restored to the owners there- consuls, their secretaries and persons attached gress of the same; and the ratification shall be to the service of consuls, they not being citihalf amount of annual premiums. and claim the try or of the other. And, in like manner, that be annoyed, molested, or disturbed in the prowhatever kind of produce, manufactures, or per exercise of their religion in private hou- disorder in the visiting and examination of the side, shall be exempt from all public service; merchandise of any foreign country can be, ses, or in the chapels or places of worship ap- ships and cargoes of both the contracting par- and also from all kind of taxes, imposts, and from time to time, lawfully imported into the pointed for that purpose, provided that in so ties on the high seas, they have agreed mutu- contributions, except those which they shall republic of New Granada in its own vessels, doing they observe the decorum due to divine ally that whenever a national vessel of war, he obliged to pay on account of commerce or may be also imported in vessels of the United | worship and the respect due to the laws, usa- public or private, shall meet with a neutral of their property, to which the citizens and in-States; and that no higher or other duties up- ges, and customs of the country. Liberty shall the other contracting party, the first shall re- habitants, native and foreign, of the country the tweifth day of December, in the year of on the tonnage of the vessel and her cargo also be granted to bury the citizens of the Uni- main out of cannon shot, unless in stress of in which they reside are subject, being in evshall be levied or collected, whether the im- ted States who may die in the territories of weather, and may send its boats with two or erything besides subject to the laws of the reportation be made in vessels of the one coun- the republic of New Granala, in convenient three men only, in order to execute the said spective States. The archives and papers of and adequate places, to be appointed and es- examination of the papers concerning the the consulates shall be respected inviolably. And they further agree, that whatever may tablished by themselves for that purpose, with ownership and cargo of the vessel, without and under no pretext whatever shall any ma-Travelling leave extensive and liberal, and ex- be lawfully exported or re-exported from the the knowledge of the local authorities, or in causing the least extortion, violence, or ill gistrate seize, or in any way interfere with

Those assured for whole term of life are allowed country, may in like manner be exported or sen by the friends of the deceased; nor shall armed ships shall be responsible with their Article 33. The said consuls shall have to cross to and from Europe in steamships or first re-exported in the vessels of the other count the funerals or sepulchres of the dead be dis-In like manner, the citizens of New Grana- before receiving their commissions, give suffi- and custody of deserters from the public and da shall enjoy within the government and ter- cient security to answer for all the damages private vessels of their country; and for that vessels of the United States or of the republic ritories of the United States, a perfect and un- they may commit. And it is expressly agreed purpose they shall address themselves to the restrained liberty of conscience and of exerci- that the neutral party shall in no case be re- courts, judges, and officers competent, and sing their religion, publicly or privately, with- quired to go on board the examining vessel shall demand in writing the said deserters, enabled the Directors, at the last annual investi- be imposed on the importation into the Uni- in their own dwelling-houses, or in the chap- for the purpose of exhibiting her papers, or proving by an exhibition of the registers of the vessels, or ship's roll, or other public doc- ed thereto their seals. to 85 per cent. on premiums paid on each policy ufacture of the republic of New Granada, and purpose, agreeably to the laws, usages, and Article 22. To avoid all kind of vexation uments, that those men were part of the said and abuse in the examination of the papers crews; and on this demand so proved, (sav-Article 15. It shall be lawful for the citi- relating to the ownership of the vessels be- ing, however, where the contrary is proved thousand eight hundred and forty-six.

shall pronounce judgment against any vessel, ted States that the right of way or transit to manage. To be sure the time is short, and Article 16. It is likewise agreed, that in the or goods, or property, claimed by the citizens across the isthmus of Panama upon any modes the pupil is rather old, and a little bull headed, in which they reside, or at least to be placed case where the neutral flag of one of the con- of the other party, the sentence or decree shall of communication that now exist, or that may but if "rough," he seems also "ready," to on an equality with the subjects or citizens of tracting parties shall protect the property of mention the reasons or motives upon which be hereafter constructed, shall be open and obey his friends, into whose arms he has the enemies of the other, by virtue of the above the same shall have been founded, and an an- free to the government and citizens of the Uni- thrown himself. Never too late to learn. But Article 8. The citizens of neither of the stipulation, it shall always be understood that thenticated copy of all the sentence or decree, ted States, and for the transportation of any still it does look a little strange to see a politcontracting parties shall be liable to any em- the neutral property found on board such en- and of all the proceedings in the case, shall, articles of produce, manufactures, or merchanbargo, nor be detained with their vessels, car- emies' vessels shall be held and considered as if demanded, be delivered to the commander or dise, of lawful commerce, belonging to the A, B, C's, in Governmental science. It beats goes, merchandise, or effect, for any military enemies' property, and as such shall be hable agent of said vessel, without any delay, he citizens of the United States; that no other agent of said vessel, without any delay, he citizens of the United States; that no other agent of said vessel, without any delay, he citizens of the United States; that no other agent of said vessel, without any delay, he citizens of the United States; that no other agent of said vessel, without any delay, he citizens of the United States; that no other agent of said vessel, without any delay, he citizens of the United States; that no other agent of said vessel, without any delay, he citizens of the United States; that no other agent of said vessel, without any delay, he citizens of the United States; that no other agent of said vessel, without any delay, he citizens of the United States; that no other agent of said vessel, without any delay, he citizens of the United States; that no other agent of said vessel, without any delay, he citizens of the United States; that no other agent of said vessel, without any delay, he citizens of the United States; that no other agent of said vessel, without any delay, he citizens of the United States; that no other agent of said vessel, without any delay, he citizens of the United States; that no other agent of said vessel, without any delay, he citizens of the United States; that no other agent of said vessel, without any delay, he citizens of the United States; that no other agent of said vessel, without any delay, he citizens of the United States; that no other agent of said vessel, without any delay, he citizens of the United States; that no other agent of said vessel, without any delay, he citizens of the United States; that no other agent of said vessel, without any delay, he citizens of the United States; that no other agent of said vessel, without any delay agent of said vessel, without any delay agent of said vessel, without any delay agent of said vessel, without agent of said vessel, w tolls or charges shall be levied or collected equal to Magnetism-Eh-Friend Argus?

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the said parties so at war, under the pain of States he liable to any duties, tolls, or charges of any kind to which native citizens are not Article 27. If by any fatality-which can- subjected for thus passing the said isthmus, not be expected, and God forbid-the two And, in order to secure to themselves the tranother, and the term of one year to those who lively and efficaciously to New Granada, by dwell in the interior, to arrange their business the present stipulation, the perfect neutrality and transport their effects wherever they of the beforementioned isthmus, with the view please, giving to them the safe conduct ne- that the free transit from the one to the other who may be established in the territories or ty, in the same manner, the rights of sover-

full enjoyment of their personal liberty and 2d. The present treaty shall remain in full property, unless their particular conduct shall force and vigor for the term of twenty years was concluded between the United States and Article 28. Neither the debts due from in- Colombia, on the 13th of October, 1824, shall

ming any of or all the articles of this treat

offender, or sanction such violation.

6th. Any special or remarkable advantage

Article 36. The present treaty of peace, amproved and ratified by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate thereof; and by the President of the republic of New Granada, with the consent and approbation of the Conexchanged in the city of Washington, within eighteen months from the date of the signature thereof or sooner if possible.

In faith whereof, we, the plenipotentiaries of the United States of America, and of the republic of New Granada, have signed and sealed these presents in the city of Bogota, on our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-six. [SEAL] B. A. BIDLACK.

[SEAL] M M. MALLARINO. Additional Article. The republics of the United States and of New Granada will hold and admit as national ships of one or the other, all those that shall be provided by the respective governments with a patent issued according to its laws. The present additional article shall have

the same force and validity as if it were inserted, word for word, in the treaty signed this day. It shall be ratified, and the ratifications shall be exchanged at the same time. In witness whereof, the respective plening-

tentiaries have signed the same, and have affix. Done in the city of Bogota, the twelfth day of December, in the year of our Lord one

[SEAL.] B. B. BIDLACK. [SEAL.] M. M. MALLARINO. And whereas the said treaty and additional article have been duly ratified on both parts, day of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, by James Buchanan, Secretary of State of the United States of America, and the republic of New Granada, on the part of their respective governments:

Now, therefore, be it known, that I, JAMES K. Polk, President of the United States of America, have caused the said treaty and additional article to be made public, to the end that the same may be observed and fulfilled with good faith by the United States and the citizens thereof. In witness whereof, I have hereunto

[L. S.] set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the city of Washington, this twelfth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, and in the

By the President: JAMES K. POLK. JAMES BUCHANAN, Secretary of State.

Not a Bad Idea .- We have heard it suzand that this equality of favors shall be made charging the office of President in six months; Mecklenburg Jeffersonian.